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Substitution and innovation

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Substitution and REACH

Substitution is prevention – in stead of enclosure of mashines or workers

Substitution is only included as part of the authorisation part of REACH.

Only for:

- •Carcinogenic, Mutagenic, and Repro-toxic substances
- •Persistent, bioaccumulating, and toxic substances + vPvB's
- •Substances with "equivalent level of concern" Endocrine Disrupting Chemicals?



Mandatory substitution?

Council and Parliament have a different view on substitution in 1st reading.

Parliament: Only authorisation if

- Suitable alternatives do not exist
- Measures to minimise exposure are taken
- Social and economic advantages outweigh the risks
- Adequate control, documented in chemical safety report

Council: adequate control or no alternatives
Except no adequate control for CMRs without
threshold value or for PBT's and vPvB's.
NGO position: substitution should be mandatory if
alternatives exist



Christian Ege Det Økologiske R

A forward-looking strategy

Substitution should also be considered for other hazardous substances, not included in authorisation

Substitution can cost money – in the short term

But it can improve competitiveness in the long term

Good for a company to look through its procedures and raw materials

"Hazardous chemicals can be substituted", January 2006, The Ecological Council, 95 pages Substitution of organic solvents since the early 1980'ies



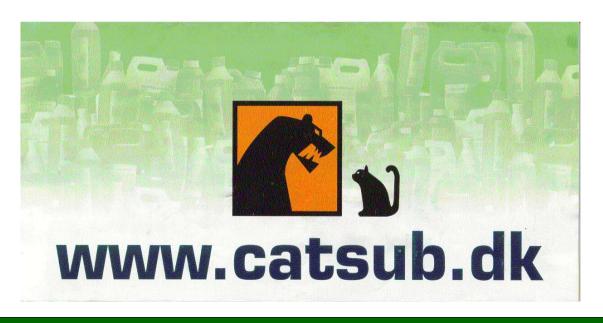
Substitution Website

Tools for promoting substitutions

www.catsub.dk: 200 examples

Danish EPA and Working Environment Authority +

European Working Environment Agency





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Industries and tools

14 examples of substitution in Danish companies Small and large companies

Different industries:

- Packaging
- Hygiene articles
- Textile cleaning
- Food industries
- Metal industries
- Chemical industries(down stream: paint&varnish, glue)
- Electronics and electrical appliances
- Playground equipment



Tools to promote substitution

EU list of hazardous substances – app. 8,000 substances

List of working environment limit values

Danish EPA, list of unwanted substances – app. 50 substances and groups, i.e. phthalates and brominated flame retardants

How to create a market

Information to consumers – private and professionals – is crucial:

Eco-labelling and safety data sheets

Economic tools: - green taxes

- green public procurement policies



Examples

Danfoss

Produces valves, motion controls etc.

17,500 employees, including 6,000 in Denmark

Has substituted chlorinated paraffins in the metal working fluids

Chlorine based coolants: 250 → 7 tons per year

Different alternatives: cooking oils, sulphurcompounds, phosphorous- og zinc-compounds

Substitution decided by the management

Employees involved from an early stage



Danfoss

Results:

Increased job satisfaction, among developers as well as production workers

Danfoss has improved its environmental image

Would recommend other companies to do the same





Kymi Cleaning

Textile cleaning. 15 employees

Substitution of perchloroethylene→

- •aqua clean computer controled washing process with pure water
- •CO₂-cleaning liquid CO₂ under high pressure
- Silicone based process



Kymi Cleaning

For different types of cleaning.

For instance CO2-cleaning can remove oil- and grease stains, much better than Aqua-clean





Improving job satisfaction

"Substitution can be recommended to everyone. The idea of substitution and the substitution process itself is very fascinating. It is all about thinking ahead and constantly developing and improving the product. My job would not have been half as exiting had it not been for that."

The person responsible for environmental issues at Abena A/S – producing personal hygiene products



>Titel<

Indhold

